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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/496,061	02/01/2000	Masaru Sudo	00048/LH	5663
1933	7590 01/17/2006		EXAMINER	
FRISHAUF, HOLTZ, GOODMAN & CHICK, PC 220 Fifth Avenue			AN, SHAWN S	
16TH Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
NEW YORK, NY 10001-7708			2613	
			DATE MAIL ED: 01/17/200	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/496,061	SUDO ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Shawn S. An	2613			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
WHIC - Extense after S - If NO - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DASIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, apply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONED	the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
2a)⊠ 3)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 Not</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i>	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>46-51</u> is/are pending in the application day Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>46-51</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notice 3) Inform	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)					
Paper	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Remarks

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1. Applicant's remarks as filed on 11/17/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicants present arguments of which previously cited prior art references do not teach or suggest:

A) image processing for endoscopes, and selecting a color matrix <u>to perform</u> <u>image processing for the image captured via the endoscope image sensing apparatus</u>; and

B) motivation for combining the two references.

However, after careful scrutiny of the cited prior art references reference, the Examiner must respectively disagree, and maintain the grounds of rejection for the reasons that follow.

In response to argument A), Yamada et al's reference clearly discloses an endoscope comprising a signal processing device (16) for processing the image signal, wherein the signal processing device includes a section including a plurality of color matrices (9a-9c) for displaying the observation image in a color tone (12), and Hodgson's reference teaches a digital video (image) processing system comprising a selection circuit (18 and 28) for selecting a color matrix (coefficient) for displaying the observation image in a color tone as desired by an observer (col. 11, lines 9-22) as recited on claims 46 and 50-51.

Therefore, it would have been <u>considered obvious</u> to a person of ordinary skill in the relevant art to recognize that Hodgson's selection circuit can be incorporated into the Yamada's signal processing device such that the selection circuit selects the color matrix (coefficient) from the plurality of color matrices for displaying the observation image in a color tone as desired by an observer such as a surgeon for enhancing the displayed images.

Furthermore, Yamada et al's reference teaches substantially all of the Applicant's claimed inventive features with the only exception of "selecting a color matrix ...".

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However, not only the concept of selecting a color matrix is conventionally well known in the art, but also Hodgson teaches a digital video processing system comprising a selection circuit for selecting a color matrix (coefficient) as discussed above. Therefore, it would have been considered obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the relevant art employing an endoscope image sensing apparatus/method as taught by Yamada et al to incorporate the Hodgson's teaching of selecting a color matrix to Yamada's signal processing device so that the signal processing device performs image processing for the image captured via the Yamada's endoscope image sensing apparatus (Fig. 1) for an obvious reason of enhancing the displayed images for viewer(s).

Moreover, in response to Applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on <u>combinations of references</u>. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

<u>In response to argument B</u>), in response to Applicant's argument that there is no suggestion (motivation) to combine the references, the Examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992).

In view of all the reasons as set forth above, the Applicant's arguments are now deemed moot.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 46-51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamada et al (4,875,091) in view of Hodgson (5,181,100) as previously discussed in the last Office action as filed on 8/17/05.

Conclusion

4. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

- 5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to *Shawn S. An* whose telephone number is 571-272-7324.
- 6. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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7. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Shawn an Primary examiner